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Civil Rights Council

Proposed Modifications to Fair Employment and Housing Act Employment Regulations Relating to Religious Creed Discrimination and Accommodations

CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS

Title 2. Administration
Div. 4.1. Department of Fair Employment & Housing
Chapter 5. Fair Employment & Housing Council
Subchapter 2. Discrimination in Employment
Article 8. Religious Creed

TEXT

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Article 8. Religious Creed

§ 11062. Reasonable Accommodation.

- (a) An employer or other covered entity shall make accommodation to the known religious creed of an applicant or employee unless the employer or other covered entity can demonstrate that the accommodation is unreasonable because it would impose an undue hardship. Refusing to hire an applicant or terminating an employee in order to avoid the need to accommodate a religious practice constitutes religious creed discrimination.
- (a) (1) A reasonable accommodation is one that eliminates the conflict between the religious practice and the job requirement and may include, but is not limited to, job restructuring, job reassignment, modification of work practices, or allowing time off in an amount equal to the amount of non-regularly scheduled time the employee has worked in order to avoid a conflict with his or her religious observances.
- (2) Unless expressly requested by an employee, an accommodation is not reasonable if it An accommodation that requires segregation of an employee from other employees, customers, or the general public is not reasonable, unless: (i) the accommodation is expressly requested by an applicant or employee; or (ii) an employee's close proximity to others would impose an undue hardship by endangering the health and safety of the employee or others. With respect to (ii), types of accommodations that may be considered include, but are not limited to, permission to telework, a private workspace, reassignment, transfer, paid or unpaid leave of absence, or any other alternative work arrangement that does not create an undue hardship.
- (b) In determining whether a reasonable accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the operations of an employer or other covered entity, factors to be considered include, but are not limited to:
 - (1) The size of the relevant establishment or facility with respect to the number of employees, the size of budget, and other such matters;

- (2) The overall size of the employer or other covered entity with respect to the number of employees, number and type of facilities, and size of budget;
- (3) The type of the establishment's or facility's operation, including the composition and structure of the workforce or membership;
- (4) The type of the employer's or other covered entity's operation, including the composition and structure of the workforce or membership;
- (5) The nature and cost of the accommodation involved, including whether the accommodation would pose a health or safety risk to an applicant, employee, or others;
- (6) Reasonable notice to the employer or other covered entity of the need for accommodation; and
- (7) Any available reasonable alternative means of accommodation.
- (c) Reasonable accommodation includes, but is not limited to, the following specific employment policies or practices:
 - (1) Interview and examination times. Scheduled times for interviews, examinations, and other functions related to employment opportunities shall reasonably accommodate religious practices.
 - (2) Dress and Grooming Standards. Dress and grooming standards or requirements for personal appearance shall take into account "religious dress and grooming practices," as defined in Government Code section 12926.
 - (3) Union Dues. An employer or union shall not require membership from any employee or applicant whose religious creed prohibits such membership. An applicant's or employee's religious creed shall be reasonably accommodated with respect to union dues.
- (d) It is unlawful to discriminate or retaliate against a person for requesting reasonable accommodation based on religion, regardless of whether the employer granted the request.

Note: Authority cited: Section 12935(a), Government Code. Reference: Sections 12920, 12921, 12926 and 12940, Government Code; Opuku-Boateng v. State of Cal. (9th Cir. 1996) 95 F.3d 1461, 1467 as amended (Nov. 19, 1996); EEOC v. Abercrombie & Fitch Stores, Inc. (2015) 135-S.Ct. 2028-575 U.S. 768.